

"Shanghai Forum 2016"

Interconnectivity, Integration and Innovation: Building Community of Common Destiny in Asia

The current world economy is going through an in-depth adjustment. Some developed countries and economies are recovering slowly while the emerging market economies are facing an economic slowdown. There is an insufficient overall momentum that exerts a far-reaching influence on the political, diplomatic, social and cultural affairs of all countries. On the other hand, the widespread use of the Internet and big data as well as the enthusiasm of the young generation in innovation and entrepreneurship also brought unlimited possibilities for the economic and social development of each nation. Under the circumstances, Asian countries are facing enormous challenges and opportunities.

The first fifteen years of the 21st century have witnessed the rise of Asia. With the booming in this period, Asia has become the world's most dynamic growth pole, with a steadily-rising position in the world economy. And it is also playing an increasingly active role in the world political stage as it has a significantly-increasing impact on the international affairs. It can be fairly said that where Asia is going, to a large extent, will shape the future of our planet.

In the new situation, it has become the consensus of the Asian countries to build an Asian Community. For most members of Asia, their further economic development is in need of a larger platform, with which they can effectively deal with the complex traditional and non-traditional challenges through cross-border cooperation. And the closer people to people exchange requires a more convenient institutional arrangement. In this case, the only win-win choice is to build a regional community to deepen the economic cooperation, facilitate the mutual security, and enhance the cultural exchanges. The concept of building an Asian Community reflects the confidence and self-consciousness of this continent, and its achievement will create a whole new Asia.

Asian Community is by no means a mere castle in the air; instead, it is based on a solid reality. The ASEAN Community is about to be accomplished; the "One Belt One Road" strategy is unfolding; and the Shanghai Cooperation Organization is expanding. Various bilateral, multi-lateral and sub-regional cooperation arrangements are flourishing in the Asian countries. Innovative cooperation mechanisms, including the Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIS), are offering multiple horizons for the Asian Community. And all these valuable efforts are contributing to the building of a

regional community.

The important starting point to build the Asian Community is interconnectivity and integration. As Asia boasts of a vast land and a diverse culture, with uneven levels of economic development and different political systems, the only way to make each country a part of the Community is enhanced interconnectivity and integration. We should promote policy communication, roads connection, trade flow, currency circulation, and people to people exchange and understanding, in an effort to lay a solid framework foundation for the Community, so that the vast and diverse Asia can be really bonded.

The key to build the Asian community is innovation. In the 21st century, to facilitate the Asian Community requires creative development models, cooperation methods, and cooperation concepts. New development models will bring faster and better growth; new ways of cooperation will expand the areas of cooperation and release stronger forces for cooperation; and new concepts of cooperation will contribute to overcoming all sorts of obstacles in the cooperation, which will be achieved in every corner of the continent.

To move towards a regional community is the determination and choice of the Asian nations in the 21st century as well as the glory and dream of their people. As the Shanghai Forum is stepping into its second decade, it will be focusing on the building of the Asian Community and on exploring the idea and conception, the way and path, as well as the opportunities and challenges. This not only embodies the consistent attention of the Forum on the Asian development, but also shows a keen grasp of the future trends. We believe that the multi-perspective discussions on this major topic will play a positive role in facilitating cooperation in Asia.

In China's 13th Five-Year Plan, President Xi Jinping highlights innovation, coordination, green development, opening-up and sharing as the five principles in the future development of China. Based on the new strategy, Shanghai Forum 2016 consists of four panels including Integration & Innovation, Coordination & Governance, Green Development and Cooperation & Sharing.

Integration & Innovation: How to enhance cross-regional collaboration and integration so as to enrich innovative ideas? How to promote the transformation and upgrading of the country and society with innovative development modes? How to ignite the productivity through technological innovation?

Coordination & Governance: How to coordinate different sectors in handling regional governance problems? How to find effective ways and mechanisms to control, regulate and solve Asia issues such as internet security, financial crisis, economic stagnation, interest conflicts, environmental pollution and population crisis?

Green Development: How to deal with the increasingly severe Climate crisis? How to implement green and low-carbon economy so as to realize sustainable development?

Cooperation & Sharing: How to deal with complicated traditional and non-traditional challenges through regional and transnational cooperation? How to build a regional community, deepen economic collaboration, expand cooperative area, share resources and so as to create an interconnecting and win-win situation?

Time: May 28 to May 30, 2016

Place: Shanghai



复旦大学上海论坛组织委员会 SHANGHAI FORUM ORGANIZING COMMITTEE, FUDAN UNIVERSITY

220 Handan Road, Shanghai 200433, P.R.China Tel: 86-21-55664590 55664665 Fax: 86-21-55670203

> Email: shanghaiforum@fudan.edu.cn Website: www.shanghaiforum.org



Roundtables (8)

Roundtable 1: ASEAN Community: Implications and Inspiration for Asia

Institute of International Studies, Fudan University

Roundtable 2: The Role of Monetary Expansion Policies in World Economy

Financial Research Center, Fudan Development Institute London School of Economics and Political Science

New York University

Roundtable 3: Security and Governance of Global Cyberspace: Asia's Vision, Strategy and

Method

School of International Relations and Public Affairs, Fudan University

China Internet Network Information Center

EastWest Institute

Roundtable 4: Creating Financial Repertoires for Social Innovation

SK Group, Korea

School of Management, Fudan University

Roundtable 5: Multi-Dimensional Perspectives: Intellectual Property and Innovation

Fudan Development Institute

Roundtable 6: Building the Community of Human Destiny in Asia: Multicultural, Ethnic, and

Religious Dimensions

Center for National Minorities Studies, Fudan University

The Fudan Institute of Anthropological and Ethnological Studies

Fudan-UC Center on Contemporary China Fudan-European Centre for China Studies

Roundtable 7: Urban and Rural Planning for a Well-Off Society

Urban Development Institute, Fudan University

China Association of City Planning

Roundtable 8: China and the World in the Next Five Years: Knowledge Community and New

World Order

Phoenix International Think Tank Fudan Development Institute

Sub-forums (14)

> > Integration Innovation

Sub-forum 1: Household Finance and Economic Development

Does the Housing Reverse Mortgage Work for Household Asset Allocation in

China's Aging Society?

CEPR Network on Household Finance

Goethe University Frankfurt

Financial Research Center, Fudan Development Institute

Sub-forum 2: Global Value Chain, Innovative Transition and Reshaping the Asian

Manufacture Competitiveness

School of Economics, Shanghai University

Asia Research Center, London School of Economics and Political Science

> > Green Development

Sub-forum 3: Eco-Urbanization and Management Innovation: Challenges and Opportunities

for Asian Countries

Center for Chinese Agricultural Policy, Chinese Academy of Sciences

Sub-forum 4: Mitigation Solutions and Outlook Under the Paris Agreement on Climate

Change

Energy Research Institute, National Development and Reform Commission

Center for Energy Economics and Strategy Studies, Fudan University

Sub-forum 5: Health and Sustainable Growth in Aging Societies of Asia

School of Social Development and Public Policy, Fudan University

School of Public Health, Fudan University

Sub-forum 6: G20 China (Hangzhou) Summit and International Development Cooperation

School of International Relations & Public Affairs, Fudan University

Munk School of Global Affairs, University of Toronto

> > Cooperation Sharing

Sub-forum 7: Europe and Asia Hand in Hand: Breaking the Rigidity of Structure Reform in

Economy and Social Affairs

Center for European Studies, Fudan University

Xinhua News Agency, Shanghai Bureau

Sub-forum 8: The Free Market in Northeast Asia

Center for Japan Studies, Institute of International Studies, Fudan University

The University of Tokyo

Sub-forum 9: Towards Efficient Regional Integration: What Can Europe and Asia Learn from

Each Other?

Polish Institute of International Affairs (PISM)

School of Economics, Fudan University

Sub-forum 10: China and Latin America: The Trans-Pacific Development Partnership

Center for BRICS Studies, Fudan Development Institute

> > Coordination Governance

Sub-forum 11: Air Pollution Governance versus Economic Growth: New Normal and New Policy in China

Center for Sustainable Development Studies, Fudan University

China Council for International Cooperation on Environment and Development Shanghai Key Laboratory of Atmospheric Particle Pollution Prevention

Sub-forum 12: The Road to the New Prosperity in Asia: Further Reform vs. Structural Adjustment

Institute of World Economy, Fudan University

Sub-forum 13: Global Public Policy: Building Action Schemes of Global Governance
School of International Relations and Public Affairs, Fudan University

London School of Economics and Political Science

Sub-forum 14: Cooperation towards Disaster Risk Reduction in the B&R Region
China Insurance and Social Security Research Center, Fudan Development

Institute

Disaster Prevention and Management: An International Journal (SSCI)



Derek Aberle

President of Qualcomm Incorporated

Derek Aberle serves as president of Qualcomm Incorporated and is responsible for the oversight for all business divisions across the organization and the Company's global market development. He also serves as a member of Qualcomm's executive committee, helping to drive Qualcomm's overall global strategy. Prior to his current role, Aberle served as executive vice president of Qualcomm Incorporated and president of Qualcomm Technology Licensing (QTL).

Qualcomm is an international leading company focusing on the invention of mobile technology breakthroughs. Headquartered in San Diego, U.S., Qualcomm has more than 175 offices widespread in the world.



Paulo Nogueira Batista Jr.

Vice President of the New Development Bank of BRICS Countries

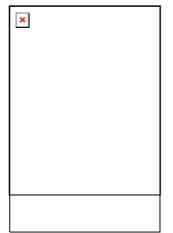
Mr. Paulo Nogueira Batista Jr. is Vice President and Chief Risk Officer of the New Development Bank. A well-known Brazilian economist, he was the Executive Director representing Brazil and ten other countries at the International Monetary Fund (IMF) from April 2007 to June 2015. Prior to joining the IMF he served as Secretary for Economic Affairs in the Ministry of Planning, Brazil. He has held various senior leadership offices such as Advisor on External Debt to the Minister for Finance and Head of the Center for Monetary and International Economics Studies, Get úlio Vargas Foundation in Rio de Janeiro.



Frans Berkhout

Recipient of 2007 Nobel Peace Prize; Executive Dean of the Faculty of Social Science and Public Policy, King's College London

Frans Berkhout is Executive Dean of the Faculty of Social Science and Public Policy at King's College London. From 2013-2015 he was Director of the Future Earth programme, based at the International Council for Science (ICSU) in Paris. He was a recipient of Nobel Peace Prize for his contributions to 2007 IPCC Report.



Dagfinn Høybråten

Secretary General of the Nordic Council of Ministers;

Chair of the GAVI Alliance Board

Dagfinn Høybråten was Minister of Health, Norway. From 2011 to 2013, he was Vice President of the Norwegian Parliament. In 2011, he was also appointed as Chair of the GAVI Alliance Board. Since 2013, he serves as Secretary General of the Nordic Council of Ministers.

The Nordic Council of Ministers is the official inter-governmental body for co-operation in the Nordic Region. Responsibility is delegated to the Ministers and Nordic Committee for Nordic Co-operation.



Enrico Letta

Former Prime Minister of Italy

Letta was Minister of European Affairs from 1998 to 1999, Minister of Industry from 2000 to 2001, and Secretary to the Council of Ministers from 2006 to 2008. He is also a founding member of the Democratic Party and served as the Vice Chairman of Aspen Institute Italia. He was the Prime Minister of Italy from 2013 to 2014.



Rosario Marin

41 St Treasurer of the United States (2001-2003)

Rosario Marin was Hispanic-American and born in Mexico. From 2001 to 2003, she served as the 41st Treasurer of the United States, under President George W. Bush. She is the only foreign-born Treasurer of the United States.



Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono

The Sixth President of Indonesia

Yudhoyono won the 2004 presidential election and was sworn in for a second term in 2009. He was appointed Mining and Energy Minister in the cabinet of President Abdurrahman Wahid in 1999 and became the Coordinating Minister for Politic and Security Affairs in 2000. He paid a state visit to China in 2005 and attended the Seventh Asia-Europe Meeting in Beijing, 2008. He was appointed as the Chair and President of Global Green Growth Institute in 2014.



Fu Ying

Chairperson of Foreign Affairs Committee, the National People's Congress of P.R.C.

Member of the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress, P.R.C.

Former Ambassador to Indonesia, the Philippines, Australia and U.K.

Former Vice Foreign Minister of China

Fu Ying is the first minority female ambassador and the first female press spokesman in China. She served as the Ambassador to Indonesia in 1997, to the Philippines in 1998, to Australia from 2003 to 2007, and to the United Kingdom from 2007 to 2010. In 2009, she was appointed as Vice Foreign Minister of China. In 2013 and 2015, she was the Press Spokesman of the 12th National People's Congress.



Wu Xinbo

Executive Dean, Institute of International Studies, Fudan University

Director at the Center for American Studies, Fudan University

Dr. WU is Professor and Executive Dean, Institute of International Studies, Fudan University. He is also the Director at the Center for American Studies, Fudan University. He teaches and researches China's foreign and security policy, Sino-U.S. relations, and U.S. Asia-Pacific policy. He was a member of the World Economic Forum's Global Agenda Council Geopolitical Risk and served as its Vice-Chair (2012-13) and Chair (2013-14), and is currently a member of the World Economic Forum's Global Agenda Council on Geo-economics. Since 2014, he has been a Member of the International Institute for Strategic Studies, as well as a member on the Advisory Council of Asia Society Policy In 2015, he became a member of The Institute. Trilateral Commission.

复旦大学上海论坛组织委员会 SHANGHAI FORUM ORGANIZING COMMITTEE, FUDAN UNIVERSITY

220 Handan Road, Shanghai 200433, P.R.China Tel: 86-21-65642354 55664665 Fax: 86-21-55670203 Email: shanghaiforum@fudan.edu.cn Website: www.shanghaiforum.org